THE LIQUOR AND GAMING CONTROL ACT (C.C.S.M. c. L153)

Non-Potable Intoxicating Substances, Stomach Bitters and Rubbing Alcohol Regulation

Regulation 65/2014 Registered March 13, 2014

Definitions

1 The following definition apply in this regulation.

"Act" means The Liquor and Gaming Control Act.

"denatured alcohol" means ethyl alcohol that has been made unfit for human consumption as a beverage by the addition of a nauseating or poisonous substance such as methyl alcohol, pyridene or benzene.

"rubbing alcohol" means isopropyl alcohol or ethyl alcohol, to which methyl alcohol or any other denaturant is added.

"**stomach bitters**" means any tonic containing more than 1% alcohol by volume in which herbs or roots have steeped or which has been impregnated with a bitter medicine.

Designated non-potable intoxicating substances

- **2** The following substances are designated as non-potable intoxicating substances under subsection 75(1) of the Act:
 - (a) any extract, essence, tincture, or any food flavouring containing alcohol;
 - (b) any perfume, lotion, disinfectant, germicide, antiseptic, spray, polish or other similar preparation of a solid, semi-solid or liquid nature containing alcohol;
 - (c) denatured alcohol or any preparation containing denatured alcohol;
 - (d) any cooking wine or cooking liquor or other similar substance containing more than 1% alcohol by volume, other than those cooking wines, cooking liquors or other similar substances that fall within the definition of "liquor" under the Act.

No sale to intoxicated persons

3 A person must not sell a non-potable intoxicating substance to a person who is or who appears to be intoxicated.

Cooking wine and cooking liquor sales restrictions

- **4(1)** A person must not sell any product referred to in clause 2(d) that contains 20% or more alcohol by volume.
- **4(2)** A person must not sell any product referred to in clause 2(d) that contains less than 20% alcohol by volume unless the person makes diligent inquiries of the purchaser and is satisfied that the substance will not be used as a beverage.
- **4(3)** A person must not sell any product referred to in clause 2(d) that contains less than 20% alcohol by volume to a person who appears to be a minor unless the purchaser produces identification that confirms that he or she is not a minor.

Stomach bitters

- **5(1)** Stomach bitters are declared to be liquor under subsection 76(1) of the Act.
- **5(2)** The maximum size of container in which stomach bitters may be sold is 113.7 ml.

Rubbing alcohol

6 Rubbing alcohol is declared to be liquor under subsection 76(1) of the Act.

Rubbing alcohol and stomach bitters sales

- 7 Stomach bitters and rubbing alcohol may be sold
 - (a) by a pharmacist licensed under The Pharmaceutical Act; or
 - (b) to a person for industrial, manufacturing, scientific, pharmaceutical or agricultural purposes.

Coming into force

8 This regulation comes into force on the same day that Schedule B of *The Manitoba Liquor and Lotteries Corporation Act and Liquor and Gaming Control Act*, S.M. 2013, c. 51, comes into force.

February 28, 2014 Liquor and Gaming Authority of Manitoba:

Donna Roed Vice-chairperson

The Queen's Printer for the Province of Manitoba